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### **Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly**

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### **ABSTRACT**

**INTRODUCTION** – Gradually with the age elderly people report many medical problems and due to which psychiatric problems are been ignored or left untreated which leads towards more darker side of life and suffering. Cognitive impairment and depression are common problems which are been faced in elderly and study suggests the prevalence rate of Cognitive impairment and depression which need urgent attention.

**METHOD-** A comprehensive systematic search of published literature and journal articles from . Pub Med, MEDLINE, EBSCO was taken. Search strategy specific to each data repository was used. During initial search 20705 titles were retrieved and finally 6 research articles were selected based on the inclusion criteria.

**RESULT** – Total 6 articles were selected, out of which 2 studies shows correlation (-0.182, -0.25) between cognitive impairment and depression while other studies shows the rate of prevalence of cognitive impairment and depression which depicts that females have high rate in comparison to male.

**CONCLUSION** - It is very important that psychiatrist and health care workers should pay special attention for early detection and treatment of depressive and cognitive impairment symptoms in elderly as the symptoms are been ignored are left untreated **KEYWORDS** – Cognitive impairment, depression, elderly, prevalence

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### **<u>1. TITLE</u>**: <u>Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly</u>

**1.1 INTRODUCTION:** Healthy mind plays an important role in every individual despite of age. Older adults which are 60 or above have important contribution to our family as well as our society, out of which few develop mental disorders. Many people realize that geriatric mental health issue can be treated, this is due to the stigma been placed on aging because of which more of our older adults are getting failed to get proper treatment which eventually leads towards a failure of living a good quality of life .If seen than depression and cognitive impairment can be more severe in elderly then in younger adults. In spite of creating so much awareness people are forced to abstain from receiving proper mental health care. According to the reports by WHO about 300 million people worldwide are suffering from depression. False myths and beliefs deprive many elderly people to receive continuous care and treatment which then constantly leads to dementia, Alzheimer's disease and early death. Depression and cognitive impairment cause great suffering and disturb the functioning of daily living also. Depression and cognitive impairment are under diagnosed as well as undertreated as the symptoms are often ignored and untreated because they co-occur with other problems and with aging. As one study shows that the physicians were not able to diagnose cognitive impairment in about 40 % of their cognitively impaired patients which clearly shows that the cognitive problem will worsen over time .

**1.1.2NEED FOR THE STUDY**: According to report by WHO conducted for NCMH (National Care of Medical Health) India is the most depressed country in the world in which about 6.5% of population is suffering from serious form of mental disorders in both rural and urban areas. If noticed then there is little awareness regarding mental health in comparison to other medical conditions which can lead to drastic increase in the number of cases for mental problem/disorders. Common causes for cognitive impairment and depression can be substance abuse , drug intake , physical injury ,restless sleep , early awakening , poor memory , death of spouse and dissatisfaction towards life.

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With the growing cases for cognitive impairment and depression it is very important for our mental health professionals to detect and treat it as early as possible so there can be some improvement in geriatric mental health. Most importantly there is a need of proper coordination between psychiatric and medical care which will eventually improve the results.

Despite of high literacy rate (Rural **India** is 64.7 % and Urban **India** is 79.5 %) there are certain strong myths for depression and cognitive impairment which are been practice by large population which is affecting the life of sufferer as well as the family members. There is lot of need for awareness in rural and urban areas regarding depression and cognitive impairment to the person, family members, or others concerns about which will definitely improve the status of mental health to some extent .We all fear of losing our mental capacity and so about 60% of adults are very or somewhat worried about memory loss.

<u>**1.1.3** AIM – The aim of the study is early detection of depression and cognitive impairment among elderly.</u>

#### 1.1.4 OBJECTIVE:

□ To determine the prevalence of cognitive impairment and depression

### **2. METHODOLOGY:**

**<u>2.1</u> SEARCH STRATEGY METHODS** The cognitive impairment and depression was selected as the area of interest and a search was conducted on online database. Pub Med, MEDLINE, EBSCO to retrieve quantitative research article published from 2004-2019 and the search was confined to only English accent. The search terms used cognitive impairment, depression, elderly people , mental health . The studies were conducted in diverse countries, such as rural and urban areas.

### **2.1.1 SEARCH STRATEGY:**

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Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly [All Fields] "Cognitive impairment"[Mesh] AND "Depression"[Mesh]) AND "elderly"[Mesh]) AND "Mental Health"[Mesh]) AND "Mental disorders"[Mesh] AND "relationship"[Mesh].

**<u>2.1.2</u> <u>TYPES OF STUDIES:</u>** Qualitative study, Quantitative study, Cross sectional study.

**<u>2.1.4</u> <u>TYPE OF PARTICIPANTS</u>**: Elderly people above 60 years and above residing in rural and urban area

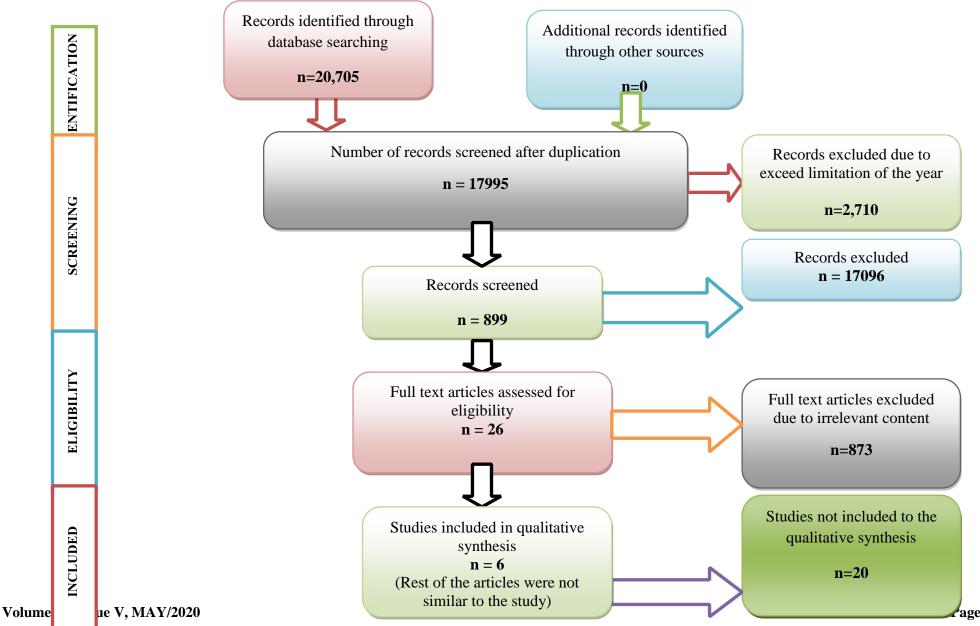
2.1.5 SETTINGS: Rural Area, urban area

**<u>OUTCOME</u>**: The narrative review shows cognitive impairment and depression among elderly .It reveals that cognitive impairment and depression are related and are very common among elderly.

### **DELIVERY OF INTERVENTION**

This narrative review was predetermined with the exploration of reviews related to the topic <u>"</u>Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly" the exploration begin with the keywords. Online databases which were used for the exploration of review was Pub Med from the year2004.- till now. The search was confined to only English accent. At beginning, the search fetched **20,705** titles were retrieved and number of records screened after duplication were **899** and remaining **2710** excluded because of exceed limitation of the year, after removing articles based on other criteria( shown in prisma chart) finally **6** articles are included in qualitative synthesis..

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### **RESULT -**

S.No and author	Title	Count ry	Variable	Instrument	Sample sampling technique	Findings	Conclusion
1. Kumar N, Sudhakar TP 2013	Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly patients attending the OPD	South India , Turipati ,Andhr a Pradesh	Cognitive impairment and depression among elderly: a hospital based study	Status Examination and Geriatric Depression	5	A cross sectional study was conducted and study clearly showed the prevalence of Cognitive impairment as 31.0% (34.7% women, 23.4% men) and prevalence of depression 44.86%. The prevalence rate of depression was found more in elderly females (51.8%) than in males (39.66%).	Cognitive impairment and depression were seen in elderly people and these are more common in the females than in the males. Hence, it is very important that psychiatrist and health care workers should pay special attention for early detection and treatment of depressive and cognitive impairment symptoms in elderly.

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							The study clearly concluded the
2. David	А	Netherl	Depression	Standardized	500 elderly aged	A prospective study was	findings that –
J,	prospective	ands	and cognitive	Mini Mental	from 65 years	conducted on 500 elderly	1. How important is it
Jacobijn	study on		impairment	Status	and above	between 1 <sup>st</sup>	improves mental health
Gussekln,	temporal		in old age	Examination and		September 1997 and 1st	among geriatric patient.
Max L	relationship			Geriatric		September 1999 and data	2. Urgent need of proper
Stek .etal	between			Depression		was collected through	coordination between
	depression			Scale		interview method.	Psychiatric and medical
	and					The Pearson correlation	care to reduce disease
	cognitive					was calculated -0.182	burden.
	impairment					with various measures of	3. Routine screening of
2004	in old age					cognitive impairment	elderly for cognitive
						and depression	impairment.
							4. Large multi center hospital needed so that there is proper assessment of socio economic factors, depression, dementia and disease burden.

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	1		r				
			Cognitive				
			Impairment,		3,041 60–64	The study as conducted to	When a person is in its early
3.	Cognitive	Korea	Depression,,	Korean version	participants	find the prevalence of	sixties than retirement and
Boyoung	Impairment,		Comorbidity	of the	Elderly	both cognitive	other lifestyle changes can
Park et.al	Depression,		among the	MiniMental	aged years	impairment, depression	trigger physical, social and
	Comorbidit		Early Sixties	State		and co morbidity and its	emotional changes which
2013	y of the Two			Examination,		related factors in elderly	should be investigated.
	and			Geriatric		above 60 years. The	As cognitive impairment
	Associated			Depression		findings revealed the	worsen depression and an
	Factors			Scale (GDS-		overall prevalence of	individual with both cognitive
	among the			15).		cognitive impairment	impairment and depression is
	Early					17.4%, depression	at high risk for medical and
	Sixties in a					26.0% and co morbidity	psychological outcomes.
	Rural					was 7.1%.	
	Korean					The correlation	
	Community					coefficient was -0.25, P	
						value <0.01 showing	
						positive association	

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						A descriptive study	
						conducted on 26 men	The study concluded that
	Relationship	Tehran	Depression	Gediatric		from age 60 years. The	depression is linked with
4.	between	,Iran	and cognitive	Depression		samples were been	decrease in his /her own
Salary S	depression		disorders in	Scale ,	26 elderly aged	divided in 2 groups from	attention and it somewhere
	and		women	Rowland's	from 60 years	age 60 to 75 years and	make person incapable for
	cognitive		affected with	Universal	and above	76 years – above .	proper working of cognitive
2013	disorders in		dementia	Dementia	Descriptive study	Findings showed	functions. Hence there should
	men		disorder	Assessment		correlation between	be regular cognitive
	affected			Scale (RUDAS)		depression and cognitive	rehabilitation programme for
	with					dysfunction in women	elderly and special attention
	dementia					with dementia at 0.05	should be given to one suffering
	disorder					level of significance as	from dementia.
						0.35.According to	
						findings 73.07 of men	
						were affected with	
						moderate depression and	
						26.92% with severe	
						depression.	

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5.							
Salary S	Relationship	Tehran	Depression			A descriptive study was	
	between	, Iran	and cognitive			conducted on 64 women	
	depression		impairment			of age 60 years and	
2013	and		affected with	Gediatric		above, which were	The risk of being affected with
	cognitive		dementia	Depression	64 women	affected with dementia.	dementia doubles after every 5
	disorders in		disorder.	Scale ,	affected with	Pearson correlation was	years after the age of of 65
	women			Rowland's	dementia with	calculated as -0.67 at	years. Continuous decline in
	affected			Universal	age 60 years to	0.05 level of	one's mental functioning
	with			Dementia	75 years.	significance. Hence it	should be evaluated in
	dementia			Assessment		showed that there is	accordance with his/ her
	disorder			Scale (RUDAS		significant relationship	previous level of performance.
	disorder.					between cognitive	
						impairment and	
						depression.	
						The study revealed that	
						56.25 % of women were affected with moderate	
						depression and 43.75%	
						from severe depression.	

			Prevalence				
6. Mohan	Prevalence	China	and				
Giri,Tian	and correlates of		correlates of			A cross sectional study	• 1
Chan	cognitive		cognitive			from September 11 to	information about prevalence of cognitive impairment and
,Weihua	impairment		impairment			August 2012. The results	depression among elderly . the
Yu,Yang	and depression		and	Chinese version	538 elderly aged	shows the prevalence of	
Lu	among		depression	of Mini mental	60 years	cognitive impairment	between depression and cognitive impairment and they
	elderly			State		12.6% in which female	
	people			Examination		16.7% and male 7.6%	common.
				and 30 item		and for depression	
2016				Geriatric		24.3% .	
				Depression		Depression was slightly	
				Scale		higher in females 25.3% then in males 23% The	
						study clearly shows that	
						cognitive impairment	
						and depression are prevalent in elderly	
						prevalent in enderry	

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<u>OUTCOME</u> – The narrative review outcome shows the cognitive impairment and depression among elderly. It reveals that cognitive

impairment and depression are inter- related and are very common among elderly. **Volume IX, Issue V, MAY/2020** 

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#### **<u>SUMMARY OF FINDINGS</u>** – The available literature was refined to get 6 quantitative studies:

- Out of 6 articles 4 articles shows the relationship between cognitive impairment and depression along with level of prevalence
- $\clubsuit \quad 2 \text{ study showed the prevalence}$

**DISCUSSIONS** – Age above 60 years is considered as the stage full of diseases and due to which mental health problems like depression and cognitive impairment are been left undiagnosed or under diagnosed. Therefore endorsement studies are required to know that elderly people are important part of society and the symptoms should be investigated properly especially depression and cognitive impairment as they both are seen together whereas data of this study is compatible with similar narrative review findings which were conducted by Sarah Shizoko Morimoto And George S Alexopoulos in 2013 on Cognitive Deficits in Geriatric Depression – A review shows that major depression in elderly is often seen along with Cognitive impairment .

**IMPORTANCE IN EDUCATION :**– Having baseline information regarding cognitive impairment and depression will help nursing students as well as healthcare workers to increase their knowledge and it will definitely help in early detection of symptoms and will promote the mental health status of individual suffering from it.

**FUTURE SIGNIFICANCE:** In order to reduce the cases of cognitive impairment and depression in elderly it is very important that family members need to be educated and informed about the importance of the symptoms so that they can be detected and treated earlier.

#### • <u>LIMITATIONS</u>:

- Database search was limited.
- Search strategy was refined to assess prevalence of cognitive impairment and depression among elderly (Above 60 years).
- Meta analysis will give more accuracy.

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#### **STRENGTH AND WEAKNESS:**

#### **STRENGTH**

• Article search was carried out on significant criteria.

#### WEAKNESS:

- > Only 6 articles were included for data synthesis due to limitations.
- > Articles mainly focus only on cognitive impairment and depression among elderly

**SUMMARY :** Elderly age is the stage when everyone needs proper care and attention . In this review I have included the reviews which are showing cognitive impairment and depression in elderly and how important is it for our health care workers to recognize the cases early as soon as possible. Family members also need to be educated. Regular checkup can become one of the factors in order to recognize the cases at risk.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

The review concluded that large number of elderly is suffering from cognitive impairment and depression which is not been diagnosed and left untreated. If in case any elderly is been diagnosed with depression then individual should be checked for cognitive impairment and depression.

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